



TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 22, 1902.

REV. SAMUEL D. LUCAS, a minister of the Church of God, has been fined \$20 and costs in Mountsville, W. Va., for disturbing divine worship. The charge was brought by Rev. B. C. Bartlebaugh. Lucas has had charge of the "Corner Church," and refused to recognize the right of the eldership of West Virginia to delegate Bartlebaugh to look after the congregation, and on Sunday night, when Bartlebaugh entered the pulpit, Lucas arose and said he did not propose to allow "any such cattle to occupy the pulpit," pointing his finger at Bartlebaugh. Bartlebaugh retired, followed by most of the congregation, and the irate Lucas turned out the lights, and was about to lock the church doors, when an officer appeared and placed him under arrest. Bartlebaugh then returned and the services were continued without further interruption. Such scenes are disgraceful anywhere and especially so when enacted within the sacred precincts of a church. The injunction, "In honor to prefer one another," was relegated to the garret soon after Paul penned the words, and so long as contentious men place themselves at the head of church congregations troubles akin to that described above may be expected. In an obscure place in the New Testament we read of an individual named Diotrephes who had the effrontery to claim the position of an undershepherd and who refused to recognize John, the beloved disciple, to whom was directed the last words ever uttered to the human race by the Great Teacher when He appeared on the Isle of Patmos. What more can be expected now of men "not easily entreated" who are ever forging to the front in religious bodies determined to be leaders or nothing? In the case described above both the parties to the trouble erred. Mr. Bartlebaugh should not have accepted the position under the circumstances, while the conduct of Mr. Lucas is inexcusable.

SENATOR MCLAURIN has refused the life-long, prominent and lucrative position on the Court of Claims, and has so informed President Roosevelt in a communication couched in respectful but positive language. His action is said to have been superinduced by newspaper articles which implied that the position was the wages paid by the administration for the support he has recently given it in the United States Senate. No matter how pronounced the opposition of all democrats may be to the Senator's course in the Senate, his act in refusing the position tendered him manifests a sensitiveness all will respect. That Senator McLaughlin did not and does not represent the people of South Carolina who placed him in the United States Senate, is, of course, apparent, but his refusal of a position under the administration he upholds must be interpreted but one way—that is that his course was not actuated by hopes of gain. The Senator is one of many in the south who have suffered from expansion fever during the past few years. Some are convalescing slowly; others may die with the effect in their systems. He may have acted his part from conscientious convictions, and the reaction is not impossible. Lovers of broils in high and low places had longed for the time when Senator McLaughlin's name should be presented to the Senate for confirmation. The galleries would have been packed, as it seemed to be a foregone conclusion that Mr. Tillman would produce a scene on the occasion. All such hopes are now shattered. His colleague will be given no opportunity to open his batteries on him.

MR. CATON has introduced a bill in the House of Delegates providing that in future no constitution shall be foisted upon the people of the State by the action of a convention, and that instead of such a body proclaiming the instrument it shall submit it to the qualified voters of the State, for their approval or rejection. The bill also provides that in future delegates to a constitutional convention shall bind themselves previous to election to carry out the provisions of the bill. This course should have been adopted a year ago, and much bad feeling would have been obviated. As has heretofore been suggested, but few people hereabouts have any serious objection to the constitution recently proclaimed as the organic law of the State, but they do not relish the manner in which it was promulgated, as it seemed to be a reflection upon the voters of the State and in reality was a breach of faith and diametrically opposed to all conceptions of the free institutions of the State and country. It is hoped that Mr. Caton's bill will be adopted without a dissenting vote, so that in future the people will not be at the mercy of a convention.

THE GREAT Sphinx of Egypt is crumbling and, according to D. G. Long-

worth, a scientist who has just arrived in Philadelphia from Cairo, this wonder of the world will soon collapse in decay. Civilization has been its doom. The Englishman changed the climate with his irrigation ditches. Since then every year has brought disaster to the ancient monument. The Sphinx is supposed to be about 6,500 years old. It was built in the time of the building of the pyramids, and stands before the pyramid of Cheops, to which it is the entrance. It is sculptured chiefly of solid rock. It is 63 feet high and 150 feet long. The paws, which are thrown out 50 feet in front, are constructed of masonry. This mute figure which has kept vigils over a sea of sand, watching the rise and fall of nations and the entrance and exit of the great ones of the world, has been gazed upon by antiquaries from the dawn of history. Herodotus stood in front of the Sphinx and the Great Pyramid 2,400 years ago. At that time the Egyptian priests knew no more about their history than do the people of the present day.

JOHN W. GATES in a recent interview said he believed labor unions do not benefit the workingman. He further expressed himself as follows: "The average laboring man would be much better off if he were without a union. Labor unions, as a rule, are obnoxious to employers because under the union rule the laborer must lay his confidence in the walking delegate. The walking delegate, or so-called leader, has no standing with the employer, hence the workingman must suffer. The whole scheme of settling labor troubles should be revolutionized. The wage scale in all instances could be settled if the men directly interested were permitted to come before their employers. My sympathies are with the laboring people. I think that many of them have been underpaid, but I believe that if they had fewer leaders they would obtain better results."

Mr. Gates' opinions should receive the serious consideration of all vitally interested in troubles between labor and capital. That the walking delegate is obnoxious to employers was manifest years ago when he first made his advent. The employer has a natural antipathy to him from the fact that he is meddling with the affairs of other people. Should the workmen themselves go to their employers with whom they have daily intercourse and state their grievances nine times out of ten no strikes would follow. People operating business enterprises are generally ready to take their employees into their confidence and explain the condition of their affairs when any dissatisfaction is noticed. They will not show the same deference to walking delegates, who are strangers to them, and who, they naturally think, have no right to meddle with their affairs.

THE VISIT to Alexandria of the Confederate Veterans of the Seventh Georgia Regiment has been exceedingly pleasant throughout, and the scene last night at R. E. Lee Camp Hall was one of the most interesting witnessed hereabouts for a long time. The entertainment afforded by the local camp, in which the Woman's Auxiliary acted a material part in preparing the sumptuous repast, was successful in every particular. The speeches, though impromptu, were apt and much enjoyed, and altogether the affair was very creditable. The visitors were equally pleased with the experiences of today as they passed from one point of interest to another in the city. They will leave tonight with pleasant recollections of their visit to Alexandria.

It is said that the directors of a number of spinning companies in the Ashton and Stalybridge districts of Lancashire, England, have been approached by agents of American cotton growers with the view of the sale of the former's properties. Meetings of the shareholders of the concerns affected will be held at an early date to consider the matter. "The Yankee peril," it will be seen, is still causing apprehension in the old world, and from present indications the British Isles will eventually form the tail of the American kite. This country has already produced consternation in British shipping and iron circles, as well as its shoe trade, and now the very heart of its industries (its spinning mills) is menaced by the enterprising American cousin.

MISS MAY YOHE, who has recently been deserted by Capt. Strong, should blame no one but herself and should not even be surprised at the action of her former lover. He showed his true character by eloping with her when she was the wife of Lord Hope, and now, when the first glamour of their romance has worn off, and love's young dream has suffered an awakening, he has only done what might have been expected of him. It is said that she is his senior by seven or eight years, and the fascination she exerted over him, which ruined both, losing its power, he got possession of her jewels and left for parts unknown. This has been the usual termination of such cases since history began, and it will continue to be so until human nature undergoes a radical change.

DR. GARNAUT, the young Frenchman, who, it is said, has disproved the theory of the famous scientist Koch that bovine tuberculosis could not be transmitted to man, has done so at a great risk to himself, and deserves the gratitude of the world. He inoculated himself twice with tissue from a diseased cow, and believing that infection would occur, patiently awaited the result. He now reports that the characteristic tumors have appeared, proving that the human race enjoys no immunity from the tuberculosis of cattle. His discovery will prove of inestimable value to mankind, for by proper sanitary precautions,

the ravages of consumption can be checked in a great measure through this important channel.

MR. MURRELL has introduced a bill in the House of Delegates making it a misdemeanor for any person to expectorate in steam or electric cars in the State of Virginia. The bill will meet with the hearty approbation of many people who patronize these means of conveyance and who have long suffered from the acts of thoughtless or ill-mannered people who defile public conveyances unnecessarily. It is no uncommon thing for lady passengers to have their dresses defiled by amber from the mouths of men who would be more properly located on cattle trains than in passenger cars.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., July 22. Of all the designs submitted for the Philippine coins authorized by the last session of Congress those drawn by a Philippine artist have been adjudged the best by the President and Secretary Root and will undoubtedly be adopted. The Philippine civil government bill authorized the establishment of a mint at Manila for the coinage there of subsidiary coins ranging in value from 50 cents to 10 cents in silver and from 5 cents to one-half cent in copper. The original intention of coining a silver dollar has been abandoned. The artist is a Filipino named Figueroa whose drawings were selected from a large number submitted. On the obverse appears a female clad in flowing robes and with hair streaming to her shoulders. Her left hand reposes upon her bosom while her right holds a hammer which rests upon an anvil at her feet. In the rear appears a smoking volcano. Above this design appears the denomination of the coin and below it the word "Filipinas." On the reverse is an American shield bearing the stars and stripes, with an eagle perched above. The words "United States of America" and the date are on this side of the coin.

The State Department has called upon the Navy Department for a warship to be sent to Cape Haytian, Haiti, to protect American interests and also citizens of other countries there. The request is based on the following dispatch from L. W. Livingston, U. S. Consul at Cape Haytian: "Troop and government warship approaching to bombard Cape Haytian. Great excitement among foreigners as to their personal safety." Minister Bowen at Caracas, Venezuela, cables the State Department as follows: "The Marietta is to proceed to ascertain the facts of the blockade at Carapano. An attack upon Puerto Cabello is expected hourly by the government and President Castro has expressed an intention of proceeding to that point."

The State Department has instructed Chas. V. Herdaska, U. S. Consul at San Juan del Monte, Nicaragua, to ascertain the facts in the arrest of Dr. Wilson, an American citizen, and to use his good offices in procuring his release. Dr. Wilson was attached as surgeon to a camp of insurgents and was captured and condemned to death some time ago. A Catholic priest and his niece who live in Massachusetts have been arrested for smuggling. The priest's confession reached the Treasury department yesterday. The priest says that since 1896 he has been in the habit of making annual visits to Montreal where he could purchase church robes and other articles for altar use. He packed part of the things in his trunk and part he carried in his valises. The customs officials, he said, never attempted to examine his baggage. On his last trip he persuaded his niece to pack some of this merchandise in her trunk. It was this that led to their detention and arrest. The priest pleads for the women's release, declaring that she acted only as his agent. He admits that he knew all the time that he was cheating the United States government, but says that the total value of the articles he smuggled in during the six years was not more than \$200.

The President today designated Col. Thomas Ward, Adjutant General on the staff of Lieutenant General Miles, to be Brigadier General to fill the vacancy created by the retirement of General Jacob H. Smith. General Ward will immediately go on the retired list upon his own application and Colonel Sanger of the Inspector General's Department will be made Brigadier General in his place.

Seventy-five soldiers died in the Philippines from May 9 to June 11, according to the advices received by the War Department today. Thirty-one deaths were caused by cholera, three by tuberculosis, seven by dysentery, and four by malaria fever. There were six deaths by drowning.

Gen. Frederick D. Grant has been offered the command of the Department of the Texas to which Gen. Jacob H. Smith had been assigned before his retirement by the President. Gen. Davis, who is to succeed Gen. Chaffee in command of the Division of the Philippines, will have under him Generals Wade, Wint, Baldwin, Jesse M. Lee and Sanger.

Since Secretary Root has arranged to sail for Europe on Thursday he cannot appear in person before Judge Huger in the District Supreme Court and answer the suit filed by Miss Rebecca J. Taylor, who was dismissed from the War Department for publicly criticizing the administration's Philippine policy. She claims that the civil service law has been violated in her dismissal, since the law reads that no dismissals shall be made because of religious or political opinions.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy Hilary A. Herbert, who has been ill for several days at the Bannock Hotel, was so much improved Sunday as to be able to be taken to Afton, Va., the home of his daughter.

PLAN FAILED.

Manila, July 22.—The drive organized in Cavite province last week for the capture of Felizardo and Montallón, the ladrones chiefs, has failed. The chiefs broke through the cordon and escaped to the mountains.

FATHER KILLED HIS SON.—In a fight with his 15-year-old son William, who was armed with a heavy sledge hammer and is said to have been the aggressor, Patrick McCann, 57 years old, shot and instantly killed his boy Sunday night at their home in Chicago. The trouble arose, the father says, over a quarrel between William and his younger brother. Ordered to leave the house the boy defied his father, who attempted to put the lad out by force. The boy seized a heavy sledge hammer and drove the older man into a bedroom, where he shut the door and secured a pistol. Just as he picked up the weapon the door of the room was burst open by a blow from the sledge hammer and the boy rushed in and began striking wildly at his father. After receiving three scalp wounds from glancing blows of the hammer the father, in self-defense, shot his son dead. The elder McCann is in the hospital under police guard.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

A deposit of anthracite coal is said to have been found near Martinsburg, W. Va.

In 1890 the \$739,657 farms in the United States were valued, with equipment, livestock, etc., at \$20,514,001,838.

Mr. James T. Harris, for many years a well-known Washington newspaper man, died Sunday night after a long illness. Mr. Harris was born in Baltimore.

It has been decided in Rome to appoint J. J. Keane, Bishop of Cheyenne, and very Rev. J. N. Stariha, bishop of a new diocese with headquarters at Lead, S. D.

Russell Sage fell from a Broadway, New York, car yesterday. Mr. Sage was not hurt at all, with the exception of a slight bruise on the leg and a little jar to his feelings.

Two companies of militia have been ordered by special train to Rusk, Henderson county Texas, for the protection of a negro 70 years old, in jail charged with criminal assault on the daughter of a planter.

Fire Sunday at Colquitt, Ga., destroyed eleven stores along the public square. Among the buildings burned were the post-office and the Masonic Temple. The estimated loss is over \$40,000 with only partial insurance.

C. H. Lowman, aged eighteen, night telegrapher at Benaja, was instantly killed yesterday afternoon in Greensboro, N. C., by the accidental discharge of a pistol he had just purchased and was showing his friends. The ball went through his heart.

Commander William P. Potter, of the United States gunboat Ranger, now at Panama, has notified the commanders of the Colombian liberal or insurgent gunboats Padilla and Gaitan that he will not permit them to bombard the city or anchorage of Panama.

Town Marshal James Cockrill was fatally shot from a second-story window of the courthouse at Jackson, Ky., yesterday afternoon by unknown parties. There were six shots, two hitting Cockrill as he passed along Main street. James Cockrill is a brother of Thomas Cockrill, whose trial in Breckinridge county for killing Benjamin Hargis has revived a desperate feud war.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger yesterday passed into the hands of Adolph S. Ochs, owner of the New York Times. The price paid was \$2,225,000. The purchase includes the building at the southwest corner of Sixth and Chestnut streets. Associated with Mr. Ochs in the purchase is James M. Beck, Assistant Attorney General of the United States. The paper will be independent in politics.

Evans J. Coleman, ex-manager of the Pacific Transfer Company, and a well known clubman, committed suicide last night in San Francisco, by taking carbolic acid. He had been in failing health and was much depressed recently by the fact that his wife, who was the daughter of the famous United States Senator Gwin, better known as "Duke" Gwin, died, leaving all her separate property to her sisters and brothers.

W. R. Wells was hanged at Atlanta, Ga., yesterday for the murder of Frederick Pierce, a blind man, on the 1st of February last. Wells, who conducted a woodyard, became involved in a dispute with Pierce, because Pierce had ceased buying wood from him. In the altercation that followed Pierce, it is alleged, assaulted Wells. Wells left the place, accompanied by friends, but returned a few moments later and stabbed Pierce to death.

William Binger, a farmer, died yesterday at his home near Westphalia, Prince George's county Md., from the effects of bee stings. On Friday last, while he was riding on horseback, the horse stepped into a bee's nest. Mr. Binger, being compelled to alight, was stung several times on the neck and arm. His neck began to swell, and, despite medical attention, he died yesterday. Mr. Binger was sixty-five years old, and went to Prince George's county several years ago from Pennsylvania and engaged in tobacco planting.

William Delap while riding along a lonely road near Lafayette, Tenn., a night or two ago heard the cry of distress of a certain secret order. He repaired to the spot from whence the sound came and was met by three highwaymen who relieved him of \$1,100 and a gold watch.

MCLAURIN DECLINES.

Senator John Lowndes McLaughlin, of South Carolina, has declined the appointment to the vacancy on the United States Court of Claims.

The President offered to appoint Senator McLaughlin, but he has written that he cannot accept the place. This letter is couched in the most positive terms and was apparently based on a newspaper article, which he inclosed in his letter, which said that he had sold himself for the prospect of getting such an office as the one that has been offered him.

The President regards this type of accusation as contemptible and would pay no heed to it himself, and only regrets that Senator McLaughlin paid any attention to it.

The President was very desirous of appointing Senator McLaughlin to some office under him, and believes that his Senatorial experiences and his career as attorney general of South Carolina would have made him a particularly good judge of the Court of Claims. The President is now uncertain what he will do about Senator McLaughlin, but it is known that he is anxious to appoint him to some position.

The formal announcement of Senator McLaughlin's declination will be received with marked surprise. The Senator went to Oyster Bay a week ago to see the President about the appointment, and after the interview confided to his friends that the President had offered him the place and he had accepted it.

The appointment is for life, and the position is regarded as a most desirable one. Evidently Senator McLaughlin's change of mind has been wrought within a few days.

The seat of Dr. E. P. McLean, republican member of the House from Mecklenburg, who recently declined to take the oath, may be declared vacant by that body, without regard to his refusal to take the oath to support the new constitution. The constitution forbids that any citizen holding a position of emolument in the government of the United States to be a state officer, and Dr. McLean is a deputy United States internal revenue collector. The general impression seems to be that the seat will be declared vacant without bringing up the oath question.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The members of the Lynchburg bar have passed a resolution asking the Virginia legislature to investigate the charges against Judge Campbell.

Judge Clarence J. Campbell was indicted by a grand jury of Amherst county yesterday for a felonious assault upon Rev. Charles H. Crawford, whom he horseshipped in front of the courthouse at the June term of his court. Judge E. N. Wood, of Fluvanna, who is presiding, fixed the case for trial on Thursday week, July 31.

During a dance given at the residence of Albert Welsh, near Mount Airy, six miles east of Berryville, on Saturday night, Willis Hoop, of Jefferson county, W. Va., was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by a man named Smallwood. The fight is said to have started over a woman. After the shooting of Hoop a general fight followed, and Smallwood and Charles Hopkins were badly hurt.

The differences between the Richmond street railway company and its employees have been entirely adjusted, and there is now no likelihood of further trouble. There was a conference between the committee of the employees and the officers of the company today, at which it was agreed that the nine-hour day system should be put into effect the first of August. This was entirely satisfactory to both sides, and there will be no trouble.

The people of the lower end of Henry county have been greatly excited over the mysterious disappearance of J. W. Edwards. A diligent search was made, and the man was found in an old tobacco barn in an unconscious state, with his throat cut from ear to ear. The green flies had begun to decompose. He has a wife and eleven children. All facts point to an effort to commit suicide. He is very poor, and the people of Martinsville town raised a purse to pay a surgeon to treat him.

W. H. Webb, of Manchester, was shot and seriously, though not dangerously, wounded yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Furguson, of that city. It is alleged that the man attempted to climb in the window of Mrs. Furguson's house, in the absence of her husband, who was at work in Richmond. Mrs. Furguson was alone, and fired at the intruder, the ball taking effect in his right leg. The ball was removed, and Webb will recover. It is said that he has twice been driven away from Mrs. Furguson's home for abusing her.

Luther Fletcher, aged twenty-four years, and Miss Etta Whitacre, the seventeen-year-old daughter of Mr. Charles Whitacre, of Frederick county, eloped during a church service near Capron Bridge Sunday. After driving away an irate brother of Miss Whitacre at the point of a pistol, Fletcher and his sweetheart succeeded in escaping into Maryland, where a marriage license was procured. Several weeks ago the couple attempted to elope, but were stopped by Miss Whitacre's father. Sunday Miss Whitacre went to church with her brother, while Fletcher escorted another young girl. As the choir was singing a hymn, Fletcher gave a signal to Miss Whitacre, and both left the church. Dudley Whitacre, the bride's brother, saw the move and hastened after the couple. He was driven back by a revolver in Fletcher's hand.

FROM RICHMOND.

The first indication of an investigation in the Campbell-Crawford cowardly case by the legislature came at the session of the House yesterday, when Mr. Heermans (republican), of Montgomery, presented a resolution calling upon the courts of justice committee of that body to take the matter up, investigate it, and report its findings to the House. The resolution was referred to the committee without debate, and was not adopted by the House.

In the resolution it is stated that Judge Campbell violated the law he is sworn to uphold when he cowardly Rev. C. H. Crawford. He is charged with conduct unbecoming a judge and a gentleman. The resolution was entirely unexpected and caused great surprise. It is not thought that the resolution will bring about any results. If there be any investigation, it will probably be started on different lines.

In the Senate the most far-reaching bill was introduced by Mr. Sale, of Norfolk, "to prevent chartered companies and associations doing business in this State or agents of said companies and corporations from entering into combinations to make or control rates or charges and providing a penalty and punishment for the violation of this act." The punishment is a fine of \$100 to \$1,000, or confinement in the penitentiary for one year, and any attempt to evade the law shall be deemed a violation. The bill was referred to the committee on courts of justice.

Mr. Caton, of Alexandria, introduced a bill which, if passed, will make it obligatory upon future constitutional conventions to submit their work to the people for ratification. It prescribes that delegates to such conventions shall in advance bind themselves to submit the constitution.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Murrell, of Bedford, to prevent expectation in the street cars of any railway or electric line in the State.

Interest in legislative matters centers in the circuit judgeship caucus, to be held tonight. Several of the contests may be called off. Mr. Lloyd T. Smith, of Northumberland, after surveying the field, has decided to retire and will not oppose Judge T. R. B. Wright. Judge Breckenridge, who was running against Judge George K. Anderson in the Nineteenth circuit, has also withdrawn.

Judge James P. Sheffield, of Smyth, withdrew last night, leaving Judge Hutton, of Washington, a clear field, and Judge H. A. W. Sken will have no opposition. Judge Bond, of Scott, having withdrawn. It is thought that Judge Portlock, of Norfolk county, will defeat Mr. Hatton, of Portsmouth, and that Hon. J. F. West, of Waverly, will defeat Hon. Robert Turnbull.

The legislature will also consider today several propositions for codifying the laws of Virginia. There is considerable difference of opinion as to whether a large or small commission shall be named. It is likely that an attempt will be made to have a commission of five members named.

Cut this out and take it to Richard Gibson's drug store and get a box of Chamberlain's Stomach & Liver Tablets. The best physic. They also correct disorders of the stomach. Price 25 cents.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Cowes, July 22.—The King walked yesterday, for the first time since the operation was performed upon him, four weeks ago. His majesty continues to improve in all respects.

Constantinople, July 22.—The sultan's zealousness in spreading the tenets of Islamism has become intense, and as a result he is sending Pan-Islamic emissaries to the Philippines to re-enthuse the Moslems of whom there are many in the islands of Mindanao and Sulu.

Vienna, July 22.—According to the Freie Presse a force of brigands recently surrounded a Greek monastery at Visoki, and threatened to burn the building and massacre the monks unless \$20,000 were immediately forthcoming. The ransom was paid, and the brigands immediately departed.

Rome, July 22.—Cardinal Miclas Ledeochowski, prefect of the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda, died this morning. He was born at Gork of an illustrious Polish family, Oct. 29th, 1822. In consequence of his resistance to the laws enacted in Prussia against the Church, he was in 1874 incarcerated in the dungeons of Ostrowo, when he was proclaimed a cardinal by the Pope. He was released from captivity in 1876, went to Rome, and took possession of his "title" the same year.

Rome, July 23.—In view of the recent death of Archbishop Feehan, of Chicago, it is considered probable at the Vatican that the nominations for the successor of Archbishop Feehan, as well as of the late Archbishop Corrigan of New York, will be announced together. The date on which the announcement will be made is not known.

BATTLE FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

San Francisco, July 22.—Betting on the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight which will take place on Friday, is becoming brisk. Considerable Fitzsimmons money is in sight but his admirers are holding out for odds of 4 to 1. The backers of Jeffries are offering 2 to 1. Jeffries does his last hard work today. He now weighs 225 pounds. Fitzsimmons intends easing up in his training as he now feels in perfect condition. From now on he will devote himself to strengthening his wind and gaining speed. The fight arena is nearing completion. It is octagonal in shape with all the seats built on the ground except the gallery, which consists of eight tiers of boards similar to bleachers, rising at an angle. The sale of tickets is so brisk that the management is warning that the house will exceed \$40,000.

HELD FOR VIOLATING AN INJUNCTION.

Thurmond, W. Va., July 22.—Deputy U. S. Marshal Cunningham and assistants arrested J. A. Richards, President of district 17, and 35 other striking miners Monday at Glenjean, for violating Federal judge Keller's injunction. Richards and ten others were held in \$100 bonds for appearance at Charleston Friday. It is alleged that they tore down and trampled upon injunctions issued in Judge Keller's court. The men furnished bonds, for appearance. Judge Guthrie of the State court has issued an attachment for the arrest of ten miners for violating an injunction of his court.

DOUBLE MURDER.

Harrisburg Pa., July 22.—Goaded on by an insane jealousy, William Filer early this morning, shot and killed his wife and Harry Bennett, with whom he claimed his wife was intimate. The shooting occurred at Steelton. The quarrel started yesterday, when Filer caught Bennett pinching his wife. A quarrel ensued which lasted for some time, Filer using abusive terms to both his wife and Bennett. Early this morning Filer came home from his work. He sought out Bennett and shot him dead. He then went to his wife's room and drove her into the street where he put a bullet in her body. The woman died instantly. Filer escaped and is still at large.

TO COMBAT BOYCOTTS.

New York, July 22.—An organization composed of some 2,000 business men of Wilkesbarre, Pa., and vicinity has been formed for the purpose of suppressing boycotts during the strike of the anthracite miners. Now, however, it has been decided to make the alliance permanent, and there is a movement on foot to make the Wilkesbarre organization the nucleus for a national alliance of commercial interests to combat boycotting by offering rewards for the detection of offenders, by causing arrests and by the sympathy of law abiding citizens.

ECONOMIC CONFLICT AGAINST AMERICA.

Vienna, July 22.—Die Information today makes the remarkable statement that the recent visit of the king of Italy to St. Petersburg was for the purpose of arranging preliminaries for the fusion of the triple and dual alliances for the purpose of co-operating on an economic conflict against America. Evidence of the impending change, the paper asserts, will shortly be forthcoming.

NEW SOUTHERN SEABOARD LINE.

An air line from the Great Lakes to the South Atlantic seaboard is made possible by a deal which has been practically consummated by the Union Trust Company, of Baltimore. The Union Trust Company has just completed arrangements to finance the extension of the Ohio River and Charleston Railroad from the coal fields of West Virginia to Lincoln, N. C. It has been decided also, it is understood, to extend this road northward to Ironton, Ohio, where it will connect with the Detroit Southern. Samuel Hunt, president of the latter road, is also president of the Ohio River and Charleston, which was recently taken over by a new company, known as the South and Western. At Lincoln the road will connect with the Seaboard Air Line, with which company close agreements for the change of traffic have been made. The line will be the shortest from the West Virginia coal fields to the sea, and if the extension to Ironton is built, it will give the Seaboard an independent and short route to the Great Lakes.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except in prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and cures internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ashley Cooke and Tom Lauderdale were hanged at Greenville, Miss., at 11:21 a. m. There was no disorder.

General Fitzhugh Lee was in Cincinnati last week on his way to Franklin, Ohio. When asked for his opinion of the new Cuban government, General Lee said: "I believe the Cuban government will go to pieces on a financial rock unless the ship of State of the new republic is steered very carefully."

Miss Maria L. Cutter, of Washington, D. D., one of the summer colony at Jomestown, R. L., daughter of E. C. Cutter, and great granddaughter of Amos Kendall, postmaster general under President Jackson, was this afternoon married to Lieutenant Arthur T. Chester, U. S. N., son of Captain C. M. Chester U. S. Steamer Prairie.

A man, believed from marks on his clothing, to be A. C. Williams, of the United States steamer San Francisco, was killed this morning by a train while walking on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Trenton, N. J.

Frank McKee, a deputy, employed by the Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, accidentally shot himself with a Winchester rifle in the breast and died a few minutes later, this morning.

Today a formal ball will be launched for Al. E. B. B. the veteran minstrel show proprietor, for the nomination of mayor on the democratic ticket at Columbus, Ohio, next spring.

Eleven men were more or less seriously injured by the collapse of a scaffold at the site of a new building on Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, this morning.

A severe earthquake shock greatly frightened the people of Kingston, St. Vincent, this morning.

THE PRIAR QUESTION.

The Pope received Governor Taft and the members of his party in a farewell audience yesterday morning. The pontiff expressed pleasure at the success of the mission. He also expressed sympathy with the President and the American people. The Pope decorated the members of the party, who afterward went to greet Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of State.

The Observatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, is denying that there is a hitch in the Philippine negotiations, recounts the various stages which were concluded by the U. S. government accepting the lines of the Vatican's proposals, which will serve as the basis for future negotiations at Manila. The United States has notified the Vatican that in view of the complete entente between the governor of the Philippines and the ecclesiastical authorities at Rome all danger of difficulty ought to be considered as having been eliminated.

NOTORIOUS WOMAN ARRESTED.—A

profound sensation was caused in Winchester yesterday afternoon by the arrest of Susan Barber, a notorious colored woman, on a charge of manslaughter and infanticide, in having caused the death of Mrs. Margaret Athey, the pretty young wife of Oscar Athey, by an illegal operation. The Barber woman's arrest was the outcome of a deathbed confession made by Mrs. Athey to her physician. The Barber woman performed the illegal operation upon the dying Mrs. Athey at her own request. The dying woman also said that her husband had repeatedly begged her not to undergo the operation, and with her very last breath she exonerated him from all blame. Margaret Barber was committed to jail without bail for a hearing. For many years she has been a notorious character, and many ghastly stories of crime concerning her have from time to time been told. The finding of the dead bodies of infants buried near the spots where she has lived were attributed to her, but no direct evidence has ever been forthcoming, and in consequence she has escaped punishment. The woman is nearly 70 years of age, and although she is a colored person, her skin is white and parchment like.

CUT BRIDE'S THROAT.—George William

Cook, a retired British soldier, is under arrest at Halifax, N. C., on the charge of